$$A \cap (B - C) = (A \cap B) - C \qquad \text{indiv cauc.}$$

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$$\frac{x-1}{x-2} - \frac{x-6}{x-7} = \frac{5}{2-x^2}$$

$$\frac{(x-1)(x-v) - (x-r)(x-4)}{(x-r)(x-v)} = \frac{\Delta}{r-x^r} \Rightarrow \frac{(x^r - \lambda x + v) - (x^r - \lambda x + 1r)}{(x-r)(x-v)} = \frac{\Delta}{r-x^r}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{(x^r - \lambda x + v) - (x^r - \lambda x + 1r)}{(x-r)(x-v)} = \frac{\Delta}{r-x^r} \Rightarrow \frac{\Delta}{r-x^r} \Rightarrow x^r - \alpha x + 16 = x^r - r$$

$$\Rightarrow -\alpha x = -14 \Rightarrow x = -\frac{14}{9} = \frac{14}{9} \text{ distribution}$$

$$\Rightarrow -\alpha x = -14 \Rightarrow x = -\frac{14}{9} = \frac{14}{9} \text{ distribution}$$

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$$\Rightarrow -\alpha x = -14 \Rightarrow x = -\frac{14}{9} \Rightarrow x = -\frac$$

 p_{-} مقدار m را طوري بيابيد كه مجموع ريشه هاي معادله زير صفر شود.

$$(m+4)x^2 - 2(m-2)x + (m-4) = 0$$

$$S = \frac{Y(m-y)}{m+p} = 0 \qquad : \text{iii} \quad S = \frac{b}{a} = 0 \quad \text{(iv)} \quad S = x_1 + x_y = 0 \quad \text{(iv)}$$

>> m-1=0 => m=1

۱۰ معادله خطر استی که از نقطه (3,5) بگذرد و بر خط y=7 عمود باشد را .

بنویسید. شی فط
$$V = V + X^{2}$$
 برای با در فطعیار اس از معد فطعیار اس از $m' = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$ لذا معد فطعیار اس از $M = \frac{1}{2} = \frac$

$$\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{m(x - x_1)}{x}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{7} - \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{7}(x - x_1) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{7} = \frac{1}{7}x + \frac{1}{7}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{7} - \frac{1}{7} = \frac{1}{7}(x - x_1) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{7} = \frac{1}{7}x + \frac{1}{7}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{7} - \frac{1}{7} = \frac{1}{7}(x - x_1) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{7} = \frac{1}{7}x + \frac{1}{7}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{7} - \frac{1}{7} = \frac{1}{7}(x - x_1) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{7} = \frac{1}{7}(x - x_1) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{7} = \frac{1}{7}x + \frac{1}{7}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{7} - \frac{1}{7} = \frac{1}{7}(x - x_1) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{7$$

$$d = \frac{\left| \alpha x_0 + b y_0 + e \right|}{\sqrt{a_1^2 + b_1^2}} = \frac{\left| \psi(\psi) + \psi(-\epsilon) - i \delta \right|}{\sqrt{w_1^2 + (-\epsilon)^2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow d = \frac{\left| -i \epsilon \right|}{\sqrt{\chi_{\Delta}}} \Rightarrow d = \frac{i \epsilon}{\delta}$$

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طول $A=(5\,,0)\,$, $B=(2\,,3)\,$, $C=(-2\,,-1)\,$ مثلت هستند. طول ۱۲-

$$M \left| \begin{array}{l}
\chi_{m} = \frac{\chi_{B} + \chi_{C}}{Y} = \frac{Y + (-Y)}{Y} = 0 \\
\chi_{m} = \frac{\chi_{B} + \chi_{C}}{Y} = \frac{Y + (-Y)}{Y} = 0
\end{array} \right| \longrightarrow M(0.91)$$

$$AM \text{ of } M = \frac{\chi_{B} + \chi_{C}}{Y} = \frac{\chi_{B}$$

$$\overline{Am} = \sqrt{(x_m - x_A)^r + (y_m - y_A)^r} = \sqrt{(o - a)^r + (1 - o)^r} = \sqrt{ry}$$

۱۳- سه جمله اوّل از مجموع $\sum_{i=1}^{15} rac{(-1)^{i+3}}{(2+i)}$ را بنویسید.

$$\sum_{i=1}^{13} \frac{\frac{1}{(2+i)}}{(2+i)} = \sum_{i=1}^{14} \frac{1}{(2+i)}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{14} \frac{\frac{1}{(2+i)}}{(2+i)} = \frac{1}{(2+i)}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{14} \frac{\frac{1}{(2+i)}}{(2+i)} = \frac{1}{(2+i)}$$

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$$\sum_{i=1}^{14} \frac{\frac{1}{(2+i)}}{(2+i)} = \frac{1}{(2+i)}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{14} \frac{1}{(2+i)} = \frac{1}{(2+i)}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{14}$$

$$\frac{1}{r^{2}} + \left(-\frac{1}{\epsilon}\right) + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\alpha_{1} = \alpha_{1} + \alpha_{2} = \alpha_{3} = \alpha_{4} + (n-1)d$$
 $\alpha_{1} = \alpha_{1} + \alpha_{2} = \alpha_{3} = \alpha_{4} + (n-1)d$
 $\alpha_{2} = \alpha_{1} + (n-1)d$
 $\alpha_{3} = \alpha_{4} + (n-1)d$
 $\alpha_{4} = \alpha_{1} + (n-1)d$
 $\alpha_{7} = \alpha_{7} + \alpha_$

$$\begin{array}{l}
\alpha_n = \alpha_1 + (n-1)d \\
\alpha_4 = \alpha_1 + (4-1)d \\
19 = 6 + & d
\end{array}$$

۵۱- جمله پنجم یك تصاعد حسابي ۱۹ و جمله هشتم آن ۳۱ مي باشد. جمله یاز دهم این تصاعد عسابي ۱۹

10
$$\alpha_{1} = \gamma_{1}$$
 $\alpha_{2} = \gamma_{1}$ $\alpha_{3} = \gamma_{1}$ $\alpha_{4} = \gamma_{1}$ $\alpha_{5} = \gamma_{1}$ $\alpha_{6} = \gamma$

انطفی: ۱۹=۵۱+۴۵ س ۱۹=۵۱+۴۵ انظفی:

$$a_{11} = a_1 + (11-1)d \implies a_{11} = r + 10(r) \implies a_{$$

$$log_{\sqrt{3}} \sqrt[5]{81} =$$

$$\log_{\mu_{\overline{\mu}}}(\Lambda I)^{\frac{1}{\alpha}} = \log_{\mu_{\overline{\mu}}}(\mu_{\overline{\mu}})^{\frac{1}{\alpha}} = \log_{\mu_{\overline{\mu}}}(\mu_{\overline{\mu$$

"موفق باشيد" خرازي

$$A \cap (B - C) = (A \cap B) - C$$

$$= (A \cap B) \cap C$$

$$x(x+4) \leq 21$$
 $x'+fx-Y1 \leq 0$
 $x'+fx-Y1 = 0$
 $x'+fx-1$
 $x'+fx$

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- فاصله دو خط موازي 3x = 3y + 12 , x - y = 24 را بيابيد

$$\begin{cases} x - y - Y + f = 0 \\ Yx - Yy - 1Y = 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow d = \frac{|C - C'|}{\sqrt{\alpha^{Y} + b^{Y}}} = \frac{|-Yf - (-f)|}{\sqrt{|I^{Y} + (-I)^{Y}}} \\ \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x - y - Yf = 0 \\ x - y - F = 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow d = \frac{|C - C'|}{\sqrt{\alpha^{Y} + b^{Y}}} = \frac{|-Yf - (-f)|}{\sqrt{|I^{Y} + (-I)^{Y}}} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{|C - C'|}{\sqrt{\alpha^{Y} + b^{Y}}} = \frac{|-Yf - (-f)|}{\sqrt{|I^{Y} + (-I)^{Y}}} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{|C - C|}{\sqrt{|I^{Y} + (-I)^{Y}|}} \Rightarrow d = \frac{|C - C'|}{\sqrt{|I^{Y} + (-I)^{Y}|}} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{|C - C|}{\sqrt{|I^{Y} + (-I)^{Y}|}} = \frac{|C - C|}{\sqrt{|I^{Y} + (-I)^{Y}|}} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{|C - C|}{\sqrt{|I^{Y} + (-I)^{Y}|}} = \frac{|C - C|}{\sqrt{|I^{Y} + (-I)^{Y}|}} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{|C - C|}{\sqrt{|I^{Y} + (-I)^{Y}|}} = \frac{|C - C|}{\sqrt{|I^{Y} + (-I)^{Y}|}} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{|C - C|}{\sqrt{|I^{Y} + (-I)^{Y}|}} = \frac{|C - C|}{\sqrt{|I^{Y} + (-I)^{Y}|}} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{|C - C|}{\sqrt{|I^{Y} + (-I)^{Y}|}} = \frac{|C - C|}{\sqrt{|I^{Y} + (-I)^{Y}|}} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{|C - C|}{\sqrt{|I^{Y} + (-I)^{Y}|}} = \frac{|C - C|}{\sqrt{|I^{Y} + (-I)^{Y}|}} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{|C - C|}{\sqrt{|I^{Y} + (-I)^{Y}|}} = \frac{|C - C|}{\sqrt{|I^{Y} + (-I)^{Y}|}} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{|C - C|}{\sqrt{|I^{Y} + (-I)^{Y}|}} = \frac{|C - C|}{\sqrt{|I^{Y} + (-I)^{Y}|}} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{|C - C|}{\sqrt{|I^{Y} + (-I)^{Y}|}} = \frac{|C - C|}{\sqrt{|I^{Y} + (-I)^{Y}|}} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{|C - C|}{\sqrt{|I^{Y} + (-I)^{Y}|}} = \frac{|C - C|}{\sqrt{|I^{Y} + (-I)^{Y}|}} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{|C - C|}{\sqrt{|I^{Y} + (-I)^{Y}|}} = \frac{|C - C|}{\sqrt{|I^{Y} + (-I)^{Y}|}} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{|C - C|}{\sqrt{|I^{Y} + (-I)^{Y}|}} = \frac{|C - C|}{\sqrt{|I^{Y} + (-I)^{Y}|}}$$

 $m = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{RC} = \frac{1}{2} = -1$

1-1= m(x-2)

y-1=-1(x-0)=> y=-x+1

 $M \mid \mathcal{I}_{M} = \frac{\mathcal{I}_{B} + \mathcal{X}_{C}}{r} = \frac{-Y + Y}{r} = \sigma$ $\mathcal{I}_{M} = \frac{\mathcal{I}_{B} + \mathcal{Y}_{C}}{r} = \frac{Y + (-1)}{r} = \frac{Y}{r} = 1$

١٥- مجموع ٥١ جمله اول تصاعد حسابي ... , 5 , 8 , 11 , 14 وا محاسبه كنيد.

$$\int_{n} = \frac{n}{r} \left[ra_{1} + (n-1) d \right]$$

$$S_{\alpha | 1} = \frac{\Delta 1}{r} \left[Y(\alpha) + (\alpha | - 1)(r) \right] = \frac{\Delta 1 \times 140}{r} = 60 \text{ A}$$

$$log_3(x^2-5x+3)-log_3(x+4)=3$$
 د معادله مقابل را حل کنید:

$$\frac{(\chi' - \Delta \chi + \psi)}{(\chi + \xi)} = \psi'' \implies \frac{(\chi' - \Delta \chi + \psi)}{(\chi + \xi)} = \forall \psi$$

$$\Rightarrow \chi' - \Delta \chi + \psi = \forall \forall (\chi + \xi)$$

$$\chi' - \Delta \chi - \forall \forall \chi + \psi - i \circ \Lambda = 0 \Rightarrow \chi' - \forall \forall \chi - i \circ \Delta = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \chi - \forall \chi - \psi = \psi$$

$$\Rightarrow (\chi - \psi) = \psi$$

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بسمه تعالي المتحان پایان ترم درس ریاضیات پیش دانشگاهی رشته های حسابداری و مدیریت صنعتی - زمان: ۹۰ دقیقه

$$(A' \cup B') \cap (A' \cup B) = A'$$

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$$x^4 - 8x^2 - 9$$
 را به حاصل ضرب عامل هاي اول تجزیه کنید. $x^4 - 8x^2 - 9$ را به حاصل ضرب عامل هاي اول تجزیه کنید. $(x^4 - 1)(x^4 - 9) = (x^4 + 1)(x^4 - 9) = (x^4 + 1)(x^4 - 9)$ را گویا کنید. $(x^4 + 1)(x^4 - 9) = (x^4 + 1)(x^4 - 9) = (x^$

را ساده کنید.
$$(a^2+b^2)(c^2+d^2)-(ac-bd)^2$$
 را ساده کنید.

۹- اگر
$$x_2$$
, x_1 ریشه هاي معادله درجه دوم $x_2 = 0$ باشند، بدون حل این x_2 , x_2 , x_1 را بیابید. $x_1 = 0$ معادله مقدار عبارت $x_1 = 0$ $x_1 = 0$ را بیابید. $x_1 = 0$ $x_1 = 0$

$$\chi_1^{\gamma}\chi_r + \chi_1\chi_r^{\gamma} = \gamma_1 \eta_r (\chi_1 + \eta_r) = P \cdot S = V \times 1\xi = q_{\Lambda}$$

. ۱- مقدار m را طوری بیابید که معادله دارای ریشه مضاعف باشد.

$$(m+4)x^2 - 2(m-2)x + (m-4) = 0$$

$$2^{i} \Delta = 0 \implies b^{r} - (ac = 0 \implies [-r(m-r)]^{r} + (m+f)(m-f) = 0$$

$$\implies (m-r)^{r} - (m^{r} - 14) = 0 \implies m^{r} - (m+f - m^{r} + 14) = 0$$

$$\implies -(m = -r) \implies m = \frac{r}{-c} \implies m = 0$$

ا احمقدار m را طوری بیابید که معادله زیر ریشه حقیقی نداشته باشد.

$$(m+4)x^2 - 2(m-2)x + (m-4) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow m^{\prime} - \{m + \{-m^{\prime} + 19 < 0\} - \{m < -\gamma_{0}\} \}$$

$$m > \frac{-\gamma_{0}}{-\xi} \implies m > 0$$

ا - معادله خطر استى كه از نقاط (5, 5-) , (1, 1) مى گذرد را بنويسيد.

$$\frac{3-3}{1} = \frac{3-3}{2} \left(x - x_1 \right) \implies \frac{3-1}{2} \left(x - x_1 \right) \implies \frac{3-1}{2} = -(x-1)$$

→ J=-x+r

مادله $A=(5\,,0)\,$ هستند. معادله $A=(5\,,0)\,$ هستند. معادله

B A C

AH Ju: J-J= m(x-xA) => J-0=-1(x-0)

J=-x+2

ابن مثلث را بیابید. A = (5,0) B = (2,3) C = (-2,-1) سه راس یك مثلت هستند. محیط این مثلث را بیابید.

$$\frac{AB}{AC} = \sqrt{(Y-0)^{Y} + (Y-0)^{Y}} = \sqrt{9+9} = \sqrt{1A} = Y\sqrt{Y}$$

$$\frac{AC}{AC} = \sqrt{(-1-0)^{Y} + (Y-0)^{Y}} = \sqrt{1+69} = \sqrt{60} = 60\sqrt{Y}$$

$$\frac{BC}{BC} = \sqrt{(-1-1)^{Y} + (Y-1)^{Y}} = \sqrt{19+19} = \sqrt{19} = 6\sqrt{Y}$$

$$\frac{BC}{AC} = \sqrt{Y-1-1} + \sqrt{Y-1-1} = \sqrt{Y-1-1} = \sqrt{Y-1-1}$$

را $a_{101} - 2a_{41}$ مادار بك تصاعد حسابي 9 و قدرنسبت آن 9 مي باشد، مقدار $a_{101} - 2a_{41}$ را

$$a_{|_{0}|} = -\epsilon + |_{00}(9) = |_{10}$$

$$a_{|_{0}|} = -\epsilon + |_{00}(9) = |_{10}$$

$$a_{|_{0}|} = -\epsilon + |_{00}(9) = |_{10}$$

$$a_{|_{0}|} = |_{10}$$

 $log(x^2-1) - log(x^2+2x-3) = log2$ عقابل را حل کنید: 19

$$\log \frac{x^{r-1}}{x^{r}+rx-r} = \log r \implies \frac{x^{r}-1}{x^{r}+rx-r} = \frac{r}{r} \Rightarrow x^{r}-1 = rx+rx-4$$

$$\chi' + f\chi - \Delta = 0 \implies (\chi - 1)(\chi + \Delta) = 0 \implies \begin{cases} \chi - 1 = 0 \implies \chi = 1 \\ \chi + \Delta = 0 \implies \chi = -\Delta \end{cases}$$

"موفق باشيد" خرازي

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